Coast ATF Page 1 of 10

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER(S): COAST ATF (AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID)

## **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

#### **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS**

Coast Oil Comppany, LLC 4250 Williams Rd San Jose, CA 95129

HEALTH (24 hr): 408-252-7720

PRODUCT INFORMATION: MSDS Requests: 408-252-7720

Environmental, Safety, & Health Info.: 408-252-7720

Product Information: 408-252-7720

## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# COAST ATF CONTAINING

LUBRICATING BASE OIL CONTAINING ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING > 88.00%

HYDROTREATED DIST., HVY PARA

Chemical Name: DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC

CAS64742547 5 mg/m3 (mist) ACGIH TWA

10 mg/m3 (mist) ACGIH STEL

5 mg/m3 (mist) OSHA PEL

SOLVENT DEWAXED DIST., HVY PAR

Chemical Name: DISTILLATES, SOLVENT DEWAXED HEAVY PARAFFINIC

CAS64742650 5 mg/m3 (mist) ACGIH TWA

10 mg/m3 (mist) ACGIH STEL

5 mg/m3 (mist) OSHA PEL

ADDITIVES INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING

< 12.00%

ZINC ALKYL DITHIOPHOSPHATE

Chemical Name: PHOSPHORODITHIOIC ACID, O, O-DI-C1-14-ALKYL

ESTERS, ZINC SALT

CAS68649423 < 2.00% NONE NA

Coast ATF Page 2 of 10

#### COMPOSITION COMMENT:

All the components of this material are on the Toxic Substances Control

Act Chemical Substances Inventory.

This product fits the ACGIH definition for mineral oil mist. The ACGIH

TLV is 5 mg/m3, the OSHA PEL is 5 mg/m3.

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 

- CAUSES SEVERE EYE IRRITATION AND INJURY
- ♦ SPECIAL HAZARDS INFORMATION FOR MAN AND ENVIRONMENT

EYE:

Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation. SKIN:

Contact with the skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant

irritation. Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if absorbed

through the skin. High-Pressure Equipment Information: Accidental

high-velocity injection under the skin of materials of this type may

result in serious injury. Seek medical attention at once should an

accident like this occur. The initial wound at the injection site may not

appear to be serious at first; but, if left untreated, could result in

disfigurement or amputation of the affected part.

INGESTION:

Not expected to be harmful if swallowed.

#### INHALATION:

Coast ATF Page 3 of 10

Contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. May cause respiratory irritation

or other pulmonary effects following prolonged or repeated inhalation of

oil mist at airborne levels above the recommended mineral oil mist

exposure limit.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### EYE:

No specific first aid measures are required because this material is not expected to cause eye irritation. As a precaution remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

#### SKIN:

No specific first aid measures are required because this material is not expected to be harmful if it contacts the skin. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. Use a waterless hand cleaner, mineral oil, or petroleum jelly to remove the material. Then wash skin with soap and water. Wash or clean contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

#### INGESTION:

No specific first aid measures are required because this material is not expected to be harmful if swallowed. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, give the person a glass of water or milk to drink and get medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### INHALATION:

If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs.

Coast ATF Page 4 of 10

## NOTE TO PHYSICIANS:

In an accident involving high-pressure equipment, this product may be injected under the skin. Such an accident may result in a small, sometimes bloodless, puncture wound. However, because of its driving force, material injected into a fingertip can be deposited into the palm of the hand. Within 24 hours, there is usually a great deal of swelling, discoloration, and intense throbbing pain. Immediate treatment at a surgical emergency center is recommended.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

SPECIAL NOTES: Leaks/ruptures in high pressure systems using materials of this type can create a fire hazard when in the vicinity of ignition sources (eg. open flame, pilot lights, sparks, or electric arcs).

## FIRE CLASSIFICATION:

Classification (29 CFR 1910.1200): Not classified by OSHA as flammable or combustible.

#### FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:

FLASH POINT: (COC) 374F (190C) Min.

AUTOIGNITION: NDA FLAMMABILITY LIMITS (% by volume in air):

Lower: NA Upper: NA

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

CO2, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog NFPA RATINGS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0.

## FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Coast ATF Page 5 of 10

## COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide, water vapor and may produce oxides of sulfur, nitrogen and phosphorus. Combustion may form oxides of calcium and zinc. Incomplete combustion can produce carbon monoxide.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

INFOTRAC (800-535-5053) 24HR Emergency Number

## **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:**

This material may be toxic to aquatic organism and should be kept out of sewage and drainage systems and all bodies of water.

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

Stop the source of the leak or release. Clean up releases as soon as possible. Contain liquid to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up small spills using appropriate techniques such as sorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Follow prescribed procedures for reporting and responding to larger releases.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

DO NOT USE IN HIGH PRESSURE SYSTEMS in the vicinity of flames, sparks and

hot surfaces. Use only in well ventilated areas. Keep container closed.

Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to

empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers

retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous.

Revision Number: 1.1

Revision Date: 5.07

MSDS Number: 00001

NDA - No Data Available NA - Not Applicable

Coast ATF Page 6 of 10

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner, or properly disposed of. Avoid contaminating soil or releasing this material into sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 3), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

# ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use in a well-ventilated area. If user operations generate an oil mist,

use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering

controls to control airborne levels below the recommended mineral oil mist

exposure limits.

Revision Number: 1.1

er: 1.1 Revision Date: 5.07 NDA - No Data Available MSDS Number: 00001

**NA - Not Applicable** 

Coast ATF Page 7 of 10

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYE/FACE PROTECTION:

No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields as a good safety practice.

SKIN PROTECTION:

No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select protective clothing depending on operations conducted, physical requirements and other substances. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: <Viton> <Nitrile> <Silver Shield> <4H>

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

No respiratory protection is normally required. If user operations generate an oil mist, determine if airborne concentrations are below the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limits. If not wear a NIOSH approved respirator that provides adequate protection from measured concentrations of this material. Use the following elements for air-purifying respirators: particulate.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION:

Red liquid.

pH: NDA

VAPOR PRESSURE: NA

VAPOR DENSITY

(AIR=1): NA

BOILING POINT: NA
FREEZING POINT: NDA
MELTING POINT: NA

SOLUBILITY: Soluble in hydrocarbon solvents; insoluble in

water.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.86 @ 15.6/15.6C

VOLATILE ORGANIC

COMPOUNDS (VOC): 2.6 wt.%, 22.76 g/l

EVAPORATION RATE: NA

VISCOSITY: 7.2 cSt @ 100C (Min.)

PERCENT VOLATILE (VOL): NA

Coast ATF Page 8 of 10

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

No data available.

CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

No data available.

INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER MATERIALS:

May react with strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates,

nitrates, peroxides, etc.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Polymerization will not occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS:

The mean 24-hour Draize eye irritation score in rabbits is 4.0/110 (Males).

SKIN EFFECTS:

For a 4-hour exposure, the Primary Irritation Index (PII) in rabbits is: 0.6/8.0 (Males).

ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

The acute oral toxicity is based on data for a similar material.

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

The acute respiratory toxicity is based on data for a similar material.

ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:

This product contains petroleum base oils which may be refined by various processes including severe solvent extraction, severe hydrocracking, or severe hydrotreating. None of the oils requires a cancer warning under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). These oils have not been listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Annual Report nor have they been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as; carcinogenic to humans (Group 1), probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).

Coast ATF Page 9 of 10

This product contains zinc alkyl dithiophosphates (ZDDPs). Several ZDDPs have been reported to have weak mutagenic activity in cultured mammalian cells but only at concentrations that were toxic to the test cells. We do not believe that there is any mutagenic risk to workers exposed to ZDDPs.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**ECOTOXICITY:** 

This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

**ENVIRONMENTAL FATE:** 

This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable.

\_\_\_\_\_

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Oil collection services are available for used oil recycling or disposal. Place contaminated materials in containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations. Contact your sales representative or local environmental or health authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

DOT SHIPPING NAME: NONE DOT HAZARD CLASS: NONE

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: NONE

DOT PACKING GROUP: N/A

ADDITIONAL INFO: Petroleum Lubricating Oil - Not Hazardous by U.S. DOT.

ADR/RID Hazard class - Not applicable.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311 CATEGORIES: 1. Immediate (Acute) Health Effects: NO

- 2. Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects: NO
- 3. Fire Hazard: NO
- 4. Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: NO
- 5. Reactivity Hazard: NO

DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC

```
is found on lists: 14,15,17,
DISTILLATES, SOLVENT DEWAXED HEAVY PARAFFINIC
is found on lists: 14,15,17,
PHOSPHORODITHIOIC ACID,0,0-DI-C1-14-ALKYL ESTERS, ZINC SALTS
is found on lists: 11,

EU RISK AND SAFETY LABEL PHRASES:
R53: May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
NEW JERSEY RTK CLASSIFICATION:
Under the New Jersey Right-to-Know Act L. 1983 Chapter 315 N.J.S.A.
34:5A-1 et. seq., the product is to be identified as follows:
PETROLEUM OIL
New Jersey Right-To-Know trade secret registry number 01154100-5031P
WHMIS CLASSIFICATION:
This product is not considered a controlled product according to the criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations.
```

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

```
NFPA RATINGS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0; HMIS RATINGS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0; (0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme, PPE:- Personal Protection Equipment Index recommendation, *- Chronic Effect Indicator). These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings).
```

#### REVISION STATEMENT:

This revision updates Sections 2, 5, 9 and 15.

ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:

TLV - Threshold Limit Value TWA - Time Weighted Average

STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit TPQ - Threshold Planning Quantity

RQ - Reportable Quantity PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

C - Ceiling Limit CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number

A1-5 - Appendix A Categories () - Change Has Been Proposed

NDA - No Data Available NA - Not Applicable

The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modification of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.